



PART 1

ENTRANCE EXAM – SAMPLE QUESTIONS

Grades 7–9

GRAMMAR

BASIC SENTENCE STRUCTURE

1. Which sentence is correct?

- A The pizza the big man was eating.
- B The pizza was eating the big man.
- C Eating the pizza was the man.
- D The man was eating the big pizza.

2. Which sentence is correct?

- A The cold water the girls were swimming.
- B The girls were swimming in the cold water.
- C Swimming were the girls in the cold water.
- D The cold water were swimming in the girls.

BASIC PUNCTUATION

3. Which sentence is correct?

- A abdulla is from dubai
- B Abdulla is from Dubai.
- C Abdulla is from Dubai
- D Abdulla is from dubai.

4. Which sentence is correct?

- A where is Fatima
- B Where is Fatima?
- C Where is fatima?
- D Where is Fatima.

SUBJECT PRONOUNS

5. Choose the sentence with the correct pronoun:

Abdulla is a smart boy.

- A He is a smart boy.
- B She is a smart boy.
- C It is a smart boy.
- D I am a smart boy.

6. Choose the sentence with the correct pronoun:

You and I are good friends.

- A They are good friends.
- B You are good friends.
- C We are good friends.
- D He are good friends.

NOUNS – PLURALS

7. Which plural is correct?

- A one apple – two apples
- B one peach – two peachs
- C one baby – two babys
- D one knife – two knives

8. Which plural is correct?

- A one girl – two girles
- B one egg – two egges
- C one leaf – two leaves
- D one strawberry – two strawberrys

SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT – PRESENT PROGRESSIVE TENSE

9. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

He _____ sleeping in his bed now.

- A am
- B is
- C are
- D were

10. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

Look! They _____ running in the rain.

- A am
- B is
- C are
- D was

POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS

11. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

I am moving _____ legs.

- A my
- B me
- C mine
- D them

12. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

She is raising _____ hand.

- A hers
- B she
- C her
- D theirs

INDEFINITE ARTICLES – A/ AN

13. Which sentence is correct?

- A There is a apple on the table.
- B Please go get me a pen.
- C You have to buy an book for school.
- D I like to eat a orange.

14. Which sentence is correct?

- A Do you own an car?
- B I want to become an doctor.
- C I need a umbrella because it is raining.
- D I like to eat an egg for breakfast.

PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE – FORM

15. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

We _____ the news every night at six o'clock.

- A watched
- B watches
- C watching
- D watch

16. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

He _____ to school every day at seven-thirty.

- A go
- B going
- C goes
- D is going

PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE – NEGATIVE FORM

17. Which sentence is correct?

- A I doesn't think it is a good idea.
- B I am not think it is a good idea.
- C I don't think it is a good idea.
- D I aren't think it is a good idea.

18. Which sentence is correct?

- A Ellen doesn't like math.
- B Ellen don't like math.
- C Ellen isn't like math.
- D Ellen not like math.

PAST SIMPLE TENSE – REGULAR FORM

19. Which sentence is correct?

- A We play tennis yesterday.
- B We played tennis yesterday.
- C We was play tennis yesterday.
- D We were play tennis yesterday.

20. Which sentence is correct?

- A Lara smiled at me two days ago.
- B Lara smile at me two days ago.
- C Lara smiles at me two days ago.
- D Lara was smile at me two days ago.

PAST SIMPLE TENSE – IRREGULAR FORM

21. Which past tense verb is correct?

- A do – did
- B drink – drank
- C say – sayed
- D teach – teached

22. Which past tense verb is correct?

- A bring – bringed
- B go – goed
- C swim – swam
- D catch – catched

PAST SIMPLE TENSE – NEGATIVE FORM

23. Which sentence is correct?

- A We did not go to the mall last night.
- B We were not go to the mall last night.
- C We didn't went to the mall last night.
- D We did not went to the mall last night.

24. Which sentence is correct?

- A All the children did not swam in the lake yesterday.
- B All the children didn't swam in the lake yesterday.
- C All the children were not swim in the lake yesterday.
- D All the children did not swim in the lake yesterday.

FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE – FORM

25. Which sentence is correct?

- A Salem walks to school tomorrow morning.
- B Salem walked to school tomorrow morning.
- C Salem will walk to school tomorrow morning.
- D Salem walk to school tomorrow morning.

26. Which sentence is correct?

- A Roy makes pasta later today.
- B Roy will make pasta later today.
- C Roy will makes pasta later today.
- D Roy will making pasta later today.

FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE – NEGATIVE FORM

27. Which sentence is correct?

- A We will not go to the USA this holiday.
- B We not go to the USA this this holiday.
- C We are not go to the USA this holiday.
- D We doesn't go to the USA this holiday.

28. Which sentence is correct?

- A I think Liverpool not win tonight.
- B I think Liverpool don't win tonight.
- C I think Liverpool will not win tonight.
- D I think Liverpool isn't win tonight.

DESCRIBING NOUNS – ADJECTIVES

29. Choose the correct opposite: : الضد الصحيح هو :

- A happy - sad
- B tall - smooth
- C strong - rough
- D new – curly

30. Choose the correct opposite: : الضد الصحيح هو :

- A black – grey
- B young – old
- C interesting – beautiful
- D bright - small

CONJUNCTIONS – AND, OR, BUT, SO, BECAUSE

31. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

His house was over the hills _____ not far away.

- A because
- B so
- C but
- D or

32. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

We went to McDonalds _____ we were very hungry.

- A so
- B or
- C but
- D because

MODAL VERBS – FORM

33. Which sentence is correct?

- A Amal can skate very well.
- B Amal can skating very well.
- C Amal can skates very well.
- D Amal can skated very well.

34. Which sentence is correct?

- A Nadia should brushing her teeth every day.
- B Nadia should brushes her teeth every day.
- C Nadia should brushed her teeth every day.
- D Nadia should brush her teeth every day.

DEGREES OF ADJECTIVES – COMPARATIVE

35. Which sentence is correct?

- A Marcia is the oldest than Chelsey.
- B Africa is large than South America.
- C My car is cheaper than your car.
- D Math is importanter than English.

36. Which sentence is correct?

- A Our house is bigger than your house.
- B This car is more expensive than that car.
- C This man is more lucky than that man.
- D England is wetttest than the UAE.

DEGREES OF ADJECTIVES – SUPERLATIVE

37. Which sentence is correct?

- A My baby brother is younger in the whole family.
- B That house is the most beautiful in the entire neighborhood.
- C Math is the difficultest subject of all.
- D Today was the hotter day of all.

38. Which sentence is correct?

- A A turtle is the slower animal of all.
- B This is the greater book I have ever read.
- C My brother is the funniest person I know.
- D That was the harder exam ever!

PRESENT PROGRESSIVE TENSE – FUNCTION AND FORM

39. Which sentence is correct?

- A I won't wake her because she sleeps.
- B I won't wake her because she sleeping.
- C I won't wake her because she is sleeping.
- D I won't wake her because she slept.

40. Which sentence is correct?

- A I try to work out the answer now.
- B I tried to work out the answer now.
- C I trying to work out the answer now.
- D I am trying to work out the answer now.

PAST PROGRESSIVE TENSE – FUNCTION AND FORM

41. Which sentence is correct?

- A The phone ring, so I answered it.
- B While you were sleeping, I borrowed your shoes.
- C Smoke and lava pour from the volcano as we ran.
- D I just go out when you called.

42. Which sentence is correct?

- A Taylor was listening to the radio while she cooked.
- B It snows when I fell over.
- C I wondered when you would show up.
- D Sophia runs as fast as she could.

ADVERBS – FORM

43. Which sentence is correct?

- A We walked quickly across the street.
- B I strong advise you to do this.
- C He happy does his homework every day.
- D A turtle moves slow.

44. Which sentence is correct?

- A I am extreme happy.
- B The children played happily in the park.
- C The children ran noisy into the room.
- D They studied silent in the library.

REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS

45. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

Ahmed is going to buy _____ a new shirt.

- A he
- B she
- C himself
- D his

46. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

Sarah, you must give _____ two hours to get there.

- A she
- B herself
- C you
- D yourself

APOSTROPHES IN CONTRACTIONS

47. Which sentence is correct?

- A Whats the matter with Khaled?
- B Mohammed doesnt live in our street.
- C It's time to collect Zainab from playschool.
- D We're waiting for the childrens class to end.

48. Which sentence is correct?

- A They'll have to give the dog its ball back.
- B Why didnt you do your homework?
- C Its the most beautiful place I have ever seen!
- D You mustnt go to school before eating your breakfast.

RELATIVE PRONOUNS

49. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

This is the house _____ the man built last year.

- A which
- B who
- C whom
- D whose

50. Choose the correct option to complete the sentence correctly.

John was the man _____ asked, "Are you the one who took my money?"

- A which
- B who
- C whom
- D whose

PART 2

ENTRANCE EXAM

VOCABULARY

Please note that vocabulary questions will be based on the list below:

able	color	farmers	high
above	come	fast	hold
across	complete	feel	home
air	correct	felt	hot
along	country	few	house
am	course	field	idea
animal	covered	filled	important
answer	cried	find	into
base	dark	finished	job
beautiful	day	fire	keep
believe	decided	first	kind
best	describe	flowers	knew
better	developed	fly	know
between	different	food	known
big	discovered	friends	land
boat	distance	game	language
book	don't	gave	large
bring	door	give	last
building	draw	glass	late
built	drive	go	lay
call	dry	good	learn
came	during	got	leave
carry	early	government	left
center	earth	great	less
certain	easy	ground	light
change	eat	group	like
check	energy	grow	line
children	example	hand	listen
circle	exercise	happened	live
city	explain	hard	look
class	face	hear	low
clear	fall	heard	machine
close	family	heat	made
clothes	far	heavy	make
cold	farm	help	man

many	plan	show	try
map	plant	side	understand
mark	play	sign	voice
material	power	sing	wait
measure	problem	sit	walk
might	produce	size	want
mind	pulled	sky	warm
money	questions	slowly	watch
more	race	small	water
morning	rain	some	waves
mountain	ran	song	weather
move	reached	sound	week
music	read	stand	while
name	remember	start	whole
near	rest	stood	wild
need	return	stop	wind
new	river	story	window
night	road	street	winter
note	rock	study	wood
notice	room	summer	word
number	root	table	work
ocean	round	take	world
old	rule	talk	write
open	run	teacher	written
order	same	test	year
page	sat	their	young
paint	saw	think	
pair	say	thought	
paper	school	time	
paragraph	scientists	told	
pattern	sea	took	
people	see	toward	
picked	seen	town	
picture	set	travel	
piece	ship	tree	
place	short	true	

SAMPLE QUESTIONS

1. An elephant is a _____ animal.

- A street
- B heavy
- C stand
- D town

2. Everyone in my family likes to eat cereal for breakfast in the _____.

- A small
- B watch
- C friends
- D morning

PART 3

ENTRANCE EXAM

READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow.

Jobs

- [1] Not all jobs are the same, but they are all important. Some jobs are not very safe or easy to do. Other jobs keep people safe. Others help people learn how to read and write.

Firefighter

- [2] Sarah is a firefighter. She is trained to put out fires and save people from burning buildings. She also rescues people from dangerous situations like buildings that have fallen or car crashes.
- [3] Firefighters like Sarah wear special clothes and carry equipment that protects them from smoke and fire. They drive red trucks called fire engines. Fire engines have a water hose at the back. Firefighters use the hose to put out fires. Fire engines can also have a ladder. The ladder helps firefighters reach high floors. Firefighters like Sarah save people's lives.



Firefighter holding a hose

Police Officer

- [4] Craig and Hudson are police officers. They can be recognized by their uniforms and their police car. Sometimes, they wear a hat. They also have a badge on their shirt to show that they are police officers.
- [5] Police officers have many responsibilities. Most of the time, Craig controls car traffic. He also makes sure that no one is causing trouble on the streets. Hudson arrests criminals and puts them in jail so people can stay safe.



Teacher

[6] Thomas is a school teacher. He helps students read and write. He teaches students important information that will help them succeed when they grow up.

[7] There is also a fun side to being a teacher. Thomas accompanies his students on field trips and makes sure they are safe. He encourages his students to act in school plays and other events. Thomas likes to give his students advice so they can have a good future.



Doctor

[8] Lauren is a doctor. She helps people who have health problems. People come to Lauren when they are sick or injured. She examines them to find out what is wrong. Then, she gives them medicine to help them feel better.

[9] Some doctors treat people's eyes. Others take care of people's teeth. All doctors help people stay healthy.



1. Who is a teacher?

- A Craig
- B Sarah
- C Lauren
- D Thomas

2. What does Sarah do at her job?

- A She controls traffic on the streets.
- B She puts out fires and saves people.
- C She accompanies students on field trips.
- D She gives sick people medicine.

3. Which of the following best shows why firefighters wear special clothes and carry equipment?

- A "Firefighters like Sarah wear special clothes and carry equipment that protect them from smoke and fire."
- B "Firefighters use the hose to put out fires."
- C "The ladder helps firefighters reach high floors."
- D "Firefighters like Sarah save people's lives."

4. Based on paragraphs 2 and 3, which of the following best describes Sarah?

- A selfish
- B mean
- C brave
- D lonely

5. Read the following sentence:

*“Thomas **accompanies** his students on field trips and makes sure they are safe.”*

Which of the following is closest in meaning to **accompanies** as it is used in this context?

- A leaves without
- B runs from
- C gives up
- D goes with

6. Based on paragraph 4, which of the following does **not** help people recognize police officers?

- A the police badge
- B the police uniform
- C the police phone
- D the police car

7. Which of the following shows how Craig keeps people safe?

- A He drives in his police car.
- B He puts out fires and drives a fire engine.
- C He rescues people from car crashes.
- D He makes sure that no one is causing trouble on the streets.

8. What is paragraph 5 about?

- A how to recognize a police officer
- B the equipment that police officers use
- C the uniform that police officers wear
- D the responsibilities of police officers

ANSWER KEY

GRAMMAR QUESTIONS

	CATEGORY	ANSWER
1	SENTENCE STRUCTURE	D
2	SENTENCE STRUCTURE	B
3	PUNCTUATION	B
4	PUNCTUATION	B
5	SUBJECT PRONOUNS	A
6	SUBJECT PRONOUNS	C
7	PLURALS	A
8	PLURALS	C
9	PRESENT PROGRESSIVE TENSE Subject Verb Agreement	B
10	PRESENT PROGRESSIVE TENSE Subject Verb Agreement	C
11	POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS	A
12	POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS	C
13	INDEFINITE ARTICLES – A/ AN	B
14	INDEFINITE ARTICLES – A/ AN	D
15	PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE	D
16	PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE	C
17	PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE - NEGATIVE	C
18	PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE - NEGATIVE	A
19	PAST SIMPLE TENSE - REGULAR	B
20	PAST SIMPLE TENSE - REGULAR	A
21	PAST SIMPLE TENSE - IRREGULAR	A
22	PAST SIMPLE TENSE - IRREGULAR	C
23	PAST SIMPLE TENSE - NEGATIVE	A
24	PAST SIMPLE TENSE - NEGATIVE	D
25	FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE	C
26	FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE	B
27	FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE NEGATIVE	A
28	FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE NEGATIVE	C
29	ADJECTIVES – OPPOSITES	A
30	ADJECTIVES - OPPOSITES	B
31	CONJUNCTIONS AND, OR, BUT, SO, BECAUSE	C
32	CONJUNCTIONS AND, OR, BUT, SO, BECAUSE	D

33	MODAL VERB + BASEFORM VERB	A
34	MODAL VERB + BASEFORM VERB	D
35	ADJECTIVES - COMPARATIVE	C
36	ADJECTIVES – COMPARATIVE	B
37	ADJECTIVES – SUPERLATIVE	B
38	ADJECTIVES – SUPERLATIVE	C
39	PRESENT PROGRESSIVE TENSE – FORM	C
40	PRESENT PROGRESSIVE TENSE – FORM	D
41	PAST PROGRESSIVE TENSE - FORM	B
42	PAST PROGRESSIVE TENSE – FORM	A
43	ADVERBS	A
44	ADVERBS	B
45	REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS	C
46	REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS	D
47	APOSTROPHES IN CONTRACTIONS	C
48	APOSTROPHES IN CONTRACTIONS	A
49	RELATIVE PRONOUNS	A
50	RELATIVE PRONOUNS	B

VOCABULARY QUESTIONS

	CONCEPT	ANSWER
1	heavy	B
2	morning	D

COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS

	CONCEPT	ANSWER
1	Recall details directly from the text	D
2	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.	B
3	Provide questions and answers that show understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.	A
4	Identify suitable adjectives to describe a character	C
5	Determine the meaning of words and phrases in a text relevant to a familiar topic or subject area.	D
6	Answer specific detail questions (not / except /most / least)	C
7	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.	D
8	Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.	D